CLINIC OUTLINE 2012-2013

Clinic 1

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as a general organizational meeting to begin the new season. Officials should be kept together with no breakouts or on-court activities.]

- 1. Introduction
 - a. Welcome
 - b. Explanation of Piedmont Officials Association
 - i. Booking Supervisor
 - 1. Use of the Arbiter
 - ii. Board of Directors
 - iii. Clinic Leaders/Observers and their roles
 - 1. Explanation
 - 2. Demonstration
 - 3. Correction
 - 4. Repetition
 - 5. Accountability
 - c. Association Requirements and Important Dates
 - i. NCHSAA State meeting
 - ii. POA Annual meeting
 - iii. Clinic Attendance
 - iv. Scrimmages
 - v. Rules exam
 - d. Confirm Registration with NCHSAA and POA
 - e. Confirm clinic meetings dates
 - i. Future scrimmages/expectations
- 2. Starting the new season
 - a. Review rules changes from 2010-11
 - b. Rule changes for 2012 2013
 - c. Major Editorial Changes
 - d. Points of Emphasis
- 3. Philosophy of Officiating
 - a. Do you have a personal philosophy of officiating?
 - i. Important skill for success
 - ii. Three-legged stool (from retired Big Ten official Tom Quinn)
 - 1. Rules knowledge, mechanics, philosophy
 - a. If one leg is weak, the stool will topple.
 - b. When all 3 strong, have a game where
 - i. the players can play
 - ii. the coaches can coach
 - iii. the fans can enjoy
 - iii. What is a well officiated game?
 - 1. Game is called with BOTH
 - a. the spirit AND

- b. the intent of the rules
- iv. Five Fundamentals of Officiating
 - 1. Safety
 - 2. Sportsmanship
 - 3. Consistency
 - 4. Communication
 - 5. Control
- v. Self-evaluation as part of your philosophy
 - 1. Key thoughts
 - a. Honesty
 - b. Critique (veteran officials/observers)
- 4. Game Management
 - a. Sportsmanship
 - b. Making the "tough call"
 - c. Focus on primary coverage area (PCI)
- 5. Communication
 - a. Excess verbiage
 - b. Voice
 - c. Posture
 - d. Eye Contact
 - e. Facial expression
 - f. Listening
 - g. Obscure gestures/"homegrown" signals

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 2

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group - varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 1. Health and Safety
 - a. Concussion
 - i. NFHS rule
 - 1. Player who exhibits signs, symptoms or behaviors CONSISTENT with concussion
 - a. Immediately removed from the game
 - b. Cannot return until cleared by appropriate health-care provider
 - 2. Suggested management (for schools)
 - a. No return to play on practice on same day as concussion (RTF)
 - b. Evaluation day of incident
 - c. Medical clearance prior to return to practice
 - d. Remove from practice/game if symptoms return
 - 3. Appropriate health-care provider
 - i. Ideally should have knowledge and extra training in sports-related concussion management
 - b. Medical doctor
 - c. Certified athletic trainer
 - d. Physician Assistant
 - e. Nurse practitioner
 - 4. Official's responsibilities
 - a. Recognize the signs or symptoms of a possible concussion *and remove* the athlete from play
 - i. The responsibility of the official is limited to activities that occur on the court
 - 1. Once the participant has been removed from a contest due to a suspected concussion
 - 2. the coach or appropriate health-care professional(s) assumes full responsibility for that athlete's further evaluation and safety
 - ii. No signed document is needed nor is verification of the appropriate health-care professionals' credentials
 - 1. Make sure game management is in agreement with player's return
 - 5. Utilize NFHS website for free training course
 - a. Web address: www.nfhslearn.com
 - b. Injured player
 - i. Decision-making process
 - 1. Protect a player's safety OR
 - 2. Prematurely stopping play

- a. If you stop the game too soon, tend to create an unfair situation for team with the ball
- b. If the player (injured) is NOT in immediate danger, do not **STOP** play immediately let the play end.
- c. Err on the side of safety!!!!!
- c. Fighting
 - i. Initial reaction use your paramedic training
 - 1. stay calm
 - 2. coolly restore order
 - 3. rule correctly
 - ii. Follow the rules
 - 1. If the fight is confined to players on the court
 - a. If an **EQUAL** number of players from both teams participate in the fight ...
 - i. **ALL** are charged with flagrant technical fouls and disqualified.
 - ii. No free throws are awarded AND
 - iii. The ball is in-bounded at the point of interruption.
 - b. If an **UNEQUAL** number of players from both teams participate in the fight ...
 - i. **ALL** are charged with flagrant technical fouls and disqualified.
 - ii. The offended team will be awarded two free throws for **EACH** additional player
 - c. KEY THOUGHT for processing a fight on the floor
 - i. Taunting may be viewed as the "first punch."
 - ii. If the provoked player physically retaliates,
 - 1. Both players are charged with flagrant technical fouls AND
 - 2. Both are disqualified.
 - 2. Players coming off the bench (bench personnel)
 - a. KEY THOUGHT
 - i. If a player leaves the bench area and comes onto the court during a skirmish,
 - 1. They are charged with a flagrant technical foul AND
 - 2. They disqualified.
 - ii. Penalties for bench personnel stepping onto the court will also impact the head coach.
 - iii. For those reserves that **ENTER** the court, but **DO NOT** participate in the fight...
 - 1. The head coach is charged with a **MAXIMUM of ONE** indirect technical foul,
 - 2. No matter how many bench players come onto the floor.
 - b. If there is an **EQUAL** number of *non-fighting* bench personnel on the court ...
 - i. Those players are disqualified.
 - ii. No free throws are awarded for their actions.

- c. If there is an **UNEQUAL** number of players who leave the bench area and **DO NOT** fight...
 - i. Those players are disqualified.
 - ii. The offended team would be awarded a **MAXIMUM** of two free throws for this segment of the scenario.
- d. For **BENCH PERSONNEL** who **DO PARTICIPATE** in the fight...
 - The head coach is assessed an INDIRECT TECHNICAL foul for <u>EACH</u> bench person who participates.
 - ii. Remember, three indirect technical fouls would result in the head coach being disqualified.
 - iii. If there is an **EQUAL** number of bench personnel fighting on the court...
 - 1. No free throws are awarded for their actions AND
 - 2. Play would resume at the point of interruption.
 - iv. If there is an **UNEQUAL** number of players who leave the bench area and participate in the fight, the offended team...
 - 1. Would be awarded two free throws for **EACH** additional player involved.
 - 2. Would receive the ball at the division line for a throw-in.
- e. Liability for players who have been disqualified
 - i. For liability purposes, disqualified players are permitted to remain on the bench AND
 - ii. Should not to be ordered to leave the court area without proper adult supervision.
- 3. Post-game protocols
 - a. Assure accurate information is obtained
 - i. Players name, number
 - ii. Time of incident (game time)
 - iii. Description of action
 - iv. Officials response (rule application used)
 - b. Contact POA Assignor
 - i. Call as soon as feasible, preferably as soon as in the car
 - ii. Contact with Assignor required for all officials
 - iii. Review all aspects of the incidents
 - iv. Follow instructions provided by Assignor
 - 1. File reports with NCHSAA after recommendation from Assignor

- d. Injured official
- 2. Rule 9 Foul Administration*
 - a. Recognition
 - b. Calling
 - c. Report
 - d. Primary Coverage Area PCI) overview
- 3. Table Management

- a. Timeouts*
- b. Substitutions
- 4. Principle of Verticality (video, if available)
- 5. Grasping the ring (video, if available)

- ✓ Rule 1: Court and Equipment
- ✓ Rule 3: Players, Substitutes and Equipment
- ✓ Foul Administration
 - o Calling
 - o Reporting
 - o PCI
- ✓ Table Management
 - o Timeouts
 - o Substitutes

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 3

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group - varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 6. Review
 - a. Fighting [revisit]
 - i. Penalty
 - ii. NCHSAA Ejection Policy
 - iii. Is it an ejection or disqualification?
- 7. Court and Equipment (Rule 1)
 - a. Uniforms
 - b. Court diagram
- 8. Officials and Their Duties (Rule 2)
 - a. General duties
 - b. Correctable Errors [emphasis]
- 9. Violations and Penalties (Rule 9)
 - a. Throw-in
 - b. Out-of-Bounds
- 10. Mechanics (Differentiate between 2-person and 3-person mechanics)
 - a. Court positioning (frontcourt, backcourt, full court)
 - b. Throw-in procedure and administration
- 11. Critical situations
 - a. Closely guarded
 - b. Refereeing the paint
 - i. Three-seconds (in the lane)
 - ii. Rough play

- 1. Throw-in procedure/positioning
- 2. Out-of-bounds procedure
- 3. Court positioning
 - a. Frontcourt
 - b. Backcourt
 - c. Full court (press coverage)
- 4. Closely guarded proper position to see "through the play"
- 5. Refereeing the paint
 - a. 3-seconds
 - b. Rough play

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 4

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group – varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 12. Game preparation "From Assignment to Tipoff"
 - a. General comments
 - i. Communicate with partner(s) following assignment
 - ii. Arrival at game site
 - iii. Pre-game meeting
 - iv. Dress code (travel and for game)
 - v. Post-game conduct
 - vi. Basketball Signals The Language of the Game!
- 13. Live ball/Dead ball (rule 6)
- 14. Violations and Penalties (Rule 9)
 - a. Travel, Kick, Fist
 - b. Illegal dribble
 - c. 3-seconds
 - d. 10-seconds
 - e. Backcourt
 - 15. Mechanics (Differentiate between 2-person and 3-person mechanics)
 - a. Backcourt front court
 - i. Ten-seconds count
 - 1. When to start, when to end
 - 2. How to do it how to not do it (no college mechanics)
 - 3. Loose ball effect on count
 - ii. Three point touch
 - 16. Critical situations
 - a. Traveling

- 1. Violations focus on proper court positioning for each
 - a) Critical review of travelling (position to see it "SDF")
 - i) Illegal dribble
 - ii) Legal end to dribble
 - (1) Jump stop
 - b) Counts (focus on 10-seconds and 3-seconds)
 - i) Backcourt
 - ii) Establishing ball in frontcourt 3-point touch
 - c) Screening positioning to see whole play

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 5

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group – varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 17. Understanding and Utilizing Advantage/Disadvantage
 - a. Communication (Attachment 1)
 - b. Thoughts on "What to Say to Coaches and Players And When!" (from Frank Pullen)
- 18. Violations and Penalties (Rule 9)
 - a. Closely Guarded
 - b. Excessive swinging of arms/elbows
- 19. Fouls and Penalties (Rule 10)
 - a. Common fouls
 - b. Flagrant fouls
 - c. Intentional fouls
 - d. Team technical fouls
 - e. Substitutes
 - f. Player technical fouls

- g. Bench technical fouls
- h. Coach's Rule
- i. Contact fouls
- j. Call selection (attachment 3)
- k. Post play
- l. Block/charge
- 20. Mechanics (Differentiate between 2-person and 3-person mechanics)
 - a. Front court coverage
- 21. Critical situations
 - a. Screening

- 1. Procedure for foul reporting
 - a. Proper sequences at the spot of the foul
 - i. Duty(s) of other official(s) when foul is called
 - b. Proper communication to the table
 - c. Report from approved reporting area
 - d. Clear, concise and slow reporting
 - e. Duty(s) of other official(s) during reporting by calling official
- 2. Managing substitutes
- 3. Front court coverage
- 4. Officiating screening

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 6

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group – varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 22. Violations and Penalties (Rule 9)
 - a. Jump Ball
 - b. Basket Interference
 - c. Goaltending
 - 23. Critical situations
 - a. Last 2-3 minutes of each half/overtime
 - 24. Game Management
 - a. Pre-game conference (mandatory)
 - b. Pre-game duties
 - c. Post-game review
 - 25. Critical situations (2)
 - a. The Act of Shooting
 - b. Continuous Motion

- 1. Mechanics:
 - a. Jump ball
 - b. Full court coverage (press)
- 2. Pre-game duties
 - a. conference (with coaches)
 - i. What to say not to say
 - ii. Where on the floor
 - b. Meeting with captains (emphasis to JV officials)
- 3. Officiating (How and where to get a good look at the play!!!)
 - a. Basket interference
 - b. Goaltending
- 4. Review (time permitting)
 - a. Procedure/Administration
 - i. Jump ball
 - ii. Violations
 - iii. Fouls (common)
 - vi. End-of-game procedure
 - 1. Begin planning/thinking in the last 2-3 minutes of play
 - 2. Work with the table personnel
- iv. Technical fouls
- v. Scoring/timing issues

C L I N I C O U T L I N E 2 0 1 2 - 2 0 1 3

Clinic 7

[NOTE: This clinic is designed as to contain elements that lend themselves to division of the group – varsity (3-person) or junior varsity (2-person).]

<u>CLINIC NOTE:</u> The focus of this final clinic is on mechanics with classroom and on-court instruct1 on duely directed.

CLASSROOM INSTUCTION:

- 1. Mechanics
 - c. Two-person (IABBO PowerPoint)
 - i. Primary Coverage Area (PCI)
 - d. Three-person (IABBO PowerPoint)
 - i. Primary Coverage Area (PCI)
- 2. Mechanics Exam 2011-2013 NFHS test

- 5. Mechanics:
 - a. Two-person
 - b. Three-person