POLICY COMMITTEE

Committee Members: Scarlett Steinert-Chair, Darrin Hartness-Vice Chair, Ronnie Beverly, Tim Foster, Burt Jenkins, Joe Poletti

Staff: Brad Alford

AGENDA ITEM

1. Sports Medicine Advisory Committee

2. Independent Membership & **Bracketed Sports' Participation**

3. Home School Participation **Attachment P1**

| RECOMMENDATION/DISCUSSION | SUPPORTING INFORMATION | |
|---|---|--|
| Recommendation withdrawn by SMAC TABLED FROM MAY 2018: No more than two (2) 7-on-7 events per week during the summer. | | |
| Add clarifying language to NCHSAA Handbook Rule 3.1.2(d)(2) Note: Independent NCHSAA member schools are eligible for individual sports post-season only, based on the sport. | Rationale: Teams must qualify for bracketed team sports playoff through their conference Budget Impact: N/A Educational N/A Impact: Equity Impact: N/A Effective Date: Immediately | |
| Tabled from MAY 2018: Sub-Committe formed to study topic Committee charge: • Work with staff to gather best practices for homeschool participation • Seek feedback from stakeholders relative to a possible policy • Report at the 2018 Winter Meeting | *** Discussion Item *** Review work of the Sub-Committee which will include some draft policy language Points of emphasis: Student must attend school in which they would be assigned DPI Enrollment Policy Proof of enrollment in home school | |

| AGENDA ITEM | RECOMMENDATION/DISCUSSION | SUPPORTING INFORMATION |
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| 4. Inclusion | Tabled from May 2018: Topic of inclusion, with emphasis on Transgender Students Sub-Committee appointed by President Poletti to further study the topic Committee charge: • Work with staff to determine effectiveness of other state association policies • Seek feedback from stakeholders • Legal opinions | *** Discussion Item *** Review work of the Sub-Committee which will include some draft policy language Points of emphasis: What are other states doing that could be replicated? What is the NCAA policy? What does the NCHSAA SMAC say relative to a policy? |
| 5. Same Sport/Same Sport Season at a 2 nd School | Review and discuss NCHSAA Handbook Rule 1.2.9(j)(1) relative to the following: • NCSSM • Transfer Policy • Bona Fide Change of Residence | *** Discussion Item *** |
| 6. Foreign Exchange Programs | Review NCHSAA Handbook Rule 1.2.9(i) "A foreign exchange student is eligible only during the first year of residence in the United States" | *** Discussion Item *** |

AGENDA ITEM

7. Senior Exception for Athletic Eligibility

| RECOMMENDATION/DISCUSSION | SUPPORTING INFORMATION |
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| Discuss ways to address seniors who are on | *** Discussion Item *** |
| track to graduate in the spring semester, but | |
| wanting to take a reduced load | Point of Emphasis: |
| | Annually, the NCHSAA Staff receives Hardship Request for |
| | second-semester senior students who are on track to |
| | graduate; however, did not take a minimum load the |
| | previous semester. |
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1.2 ELIGIBILITY

- 1.2.1 **Initial Entry:** A student may participate in athletics at any member school upon initial entry into ninth grade provided they meet applicable NCHSAA and local Board of Education eligibility requirements. Initial entry is defined as the first day of classes that a student is in attendance and counted present or, if sooner, the first day a student practices or otherwise takes part as a member or potential member of a member school's athletic team prior to the start of the academic year (e.g., if a student participates in preseason football workouts prior to the beginning of the ninth grade academic year, this will be deemed the student's initial entry at this member school).
- (a) Upon initial entry into ninth grade, transfer and boundary criteria shall apply as follows:
 - (1) The student must live within the member school's boundary as established by the local board of education (LEA); or
 - (2) If the student's member school does not have a boundary established by an LEA (e.g., charter school, non-boarding parochial school, etc.), after initial entry, the boundary for the member school shall be considered to be:
 - (i) The entire county in which the member school is located; and
 - (ii) Any addresses within a 25-mile radius of the member school as measured by an NCHSAA designated computer program; or
 - (3) There will be no boundary limitation if the student is a member of a parochial church affiliated with a non-boarding parochial member school and submits an authorized pastor verification form.

(b)Homeschool students

- (1) Documentation from the Division of Non-Public Education must be presented upon initial dual enrollment-attendance, immunization, transcript, school number, etc.
- (2) Homeschool students must communicate <u>athletic</u> intent to play at a member school in which they are domiciled in the attendance boundary established by the local board of education.
 - (i) <u>Notice</u> This communication to principal must take place within ten days prior to the first practice date beginning of each sports the season established by the NCHSAA.
- 1.2.2 **Master Eligibility Sheets:** All students must be eligible prior to dressing or participating in any interscholastic contest, whether or not the NCHSAA sponsors a championship in that sport.
- (a) Only those students listed on the master eligibility sheet(s) are covered by catastrophic insurance.
- (b) No student shall be listed on the sheet unless and until documents substantiating eligibility are on file with the school. Such documents shall be available for inspection until the student's eligibility has ended.
- (c) The master eligibility sheet should be used for each sport and shall list all players, varsity and junior varsity, participating in that sport. A copy should be on file at the school prior to the first regular season contest including Endowment games.
- (d) Eligibility sheets are no longer required to be filed with the NCHSAA but must be made available upon request. It is required that eligibility sheets be shared among conference schools in each sport.
- (e) Ineligible players are NOT allowed to participate in practice, but this does not apply to summer workouts or skill development.
- (f) When completing Master Eligibility Sheets, if a student's parent(s) or legal custodian(s) does not live within the LEA, please make all required entries and enter one of the following eligibility criteria on the second page:
 - (1) Any student proposed for a contest is eligible at the school to which the local board of education assigns them within the unit of residence of a parent or legal custodian within this state, subject to the Transfer Policy. (see 1.2.10).
 - (2) When two boards of education within North Carolina by mutual agreement assign a student to a different school, and the NCHSAA has authorized eligibility pursuant to the Transfer Policy. (see 1.2.10)
 - (3) Absent a transfer referenced above, a student is eligible at his or her assigned school if he or she has attended school within that administrative unit the previous two semesters, provided it meets LEA policy.
 - (4) Legal documents signed by a judge (ward of court) or social service (orphanage/foster home) are required to be submitted along with eligibility forms pertaining to students in these circumstances.
 - (5) Foreign exchange students (see 1.2.9.i).
 - (6) The NCHSAA has approved a Transfer Waiver Request and/or a Hardship Request to waive the residency requirement on the student's behalf.
- (g) It shall be the responsibility of the principal, and/or his or her designee, to see that no ineligible player participates. Schools should use the eligibility checklist developed by the NCHSAA and it is

recommended that the eligibility power point presentation be made available for athletes, guidance counselors, other administrators and parents, especially at the preseason meeting.

- 1.2.3 **Age of Player:** No student may be approved for any athletic contest if his or her 19th birthday comes on or before August 31, 2018; (i.e., the student's date of birth was on or before August 31, 1999).
- (a) The principal shall have on file evidence of the legal birth date of each athlete.
- (b) Evidence of legal birth date must be established by a copy of the birth certificate or from one of the following: a record from the State Bureau of Vital Statistics, Raleigh; a record from the county register of deeds office; an infant baptismal record; a recording from the attending doctor's registry or cash book if specific; a news item at the time of birth from the local newspaper; or an official register sheet from the first grade.
- (c) A birth date as shown on a passport is acceptable verification of a foreign student's age.
- (d) An eighth-grade student who is overage for middle school competition shall be eligible for high school participation.
- 1.2.4 **Attendance:** A student-athlete must meet the LEA attendance policy during the previous semester at an approved high school.
- (a) A student must, at the time of any practice and/or game in which he or she participates, be a regularly enrolled member of the school's student body, according to local policy. If there is no local policy, "regularly enrolled" is defined as enrolled for at least one half of the "minimum load."
- (b) It is recommended the student be in school the day of the contest.
- (c) At the end of each semester, any participant who has failed to meet the LEA attendance policy of that semester is immediately ineligible.
- (d) Homeschool students:
 - (1) Must have been enrolled in the registered home school for 365 days prior to being eligible in a member school.
 - (2) Once deemed eligible at a member school, the student must maintain continuous dual enrollment.
 - (i) A break in Unenrollment would require render the student ineligible for a 365 days sit out.
 - (3) Must participate in a class schedule that is at least one half of the school's instructional day
 - (i) At least one class must be on campus each semester.
- 1.2.5 **Scholastic Requirements:** A student must have passed a minimum load of work during the preceding semester to be eligible at any time during the present semester. The semester is normally considered half of the academic year. All students must also meet local promotion standards, set by the LEA and/or the local school. For initial eligibility and to maintain eligibility the Homeschool students must be on grade level according to a nationally standardized achievement test indicating grade level.
- (a) A minimum load is defined as five courses in the traditional school schedule and three courses for schools on the "block" format. If the school is on an A/B form of block scheduling, a student must pass six of eight courses during what would traditionally be defined as a semester. Any student, including seniors, must pass that minimum load, even if they need fewer for graduation. For eligibility after the first semester and subsequent semesters, the Homeschool student must pass all courses in which he/she is enrolled in the (public school).
 - (1) Traditional: pass five (minimum load)
 - (2) Block: pass three (minimum load, 90-minute classes)
 - (3) A/B: pass six
 - (4) Hybrid Formats:
 - (i) 3 block, 2 traditional ("skinnies" is the parlance many systems use), most common hybrids use four blocks as the basis (two skinnies equal a block); must pass equivalent of three blocks. Could fail both "skinnies" but passing three blocks would meet minimum requirements.
 - (ii) 2 block, 3 traditional use seven traditional as the basis (block equals two); must pass equivalent of five traditional classes. Could fail one block only and be eligible (minimum requirement) but not more.
 - (iii) 2 blocks and 4 traditional ("skinnies") Use eight as the basis like an A/B format; (block equals two); must pass equivalent of six A/B classes. Could fail one block only and be eligible (minimum requirement) but not more.
 - (iv) 1 block, 5 traditional use seven as the basis (block equals two); must pass equivalent of five traditional classes. Could fail one block only and be eligible (minimum requirement but not more.)
 - (5) Local units may be more restrictive, but not less restrictive.
 - (6) Office assistance, teacher assistance or laboratory assistance may not be used toward academic eligibility
 - (7) Audited courses may not be used toward academic eligibility.

- (8) No work previously passed by a student may be submitted as part of a minimum load.
- (9) Summer school work used to make up part of the minimum load must be applied to the most recent semester. Credit for summer work is a determination of the local unit.
- (b) A student, upon first entering grade nine, is academically eligible for competition on high school teams.
- (c) A student not academically eligible at the beginning of the semester is not eligible at any time during the semester.
 - (1) Exception: a student who receives an incomplete which causes him or her to fail to meet minimum scholastic requirements or is awaiting a final grade due to any state-mandated testing is ineligible until the course is satisfactorily completed, and eligibility is restored immediately.
- (d) A student academically eligible at the beginning of a semester remains academically eligible throughout the semester.
- (e) Alternative or extended day school students who meet all other eligibility requirements may participate in athletics for the school to which they would normally be assigned if local policy allows it, provided the alternative/extended day school has no athletic program.
 - (1) The alternative schools referenced here are those operated by the school system itself.
 - (2) The principal of the school at which the students play shall be responsible for certifying their eligibility and shall have on file all records, including current attendance data, necessary to verify eligibility.
 - (3) Each such student shall be identified on the eligibility list, which shall be accompanied by a letter from the principal stating that these designated students meet all eligibility requirements.
 - (4) The principal and coach shall have the same authority in player selection and application of team rules and regulations with alternative school students as with those enrolled in the regular school program.
- (f) At the end of the first semester, a superintendent or principal has eight days (excluding Saturday and Sunday) to check grades of students, removing such player immediately upon knowledge of ineligibility and no later than the completion of the eight-day period and restore eligibility to any debarred player after he or she has qualified at the end of a semester.
 - (1) Any student who has his or her eligibility restored may participate the day following the completion of the semester of the ineligibility.
 - (2) The purpose of the eight-day period is to allow schools ample time to check grades. A player should be removed before the eight-day period is up if the school has knowledge and has verified that the student is ineligible.
- 1.2.6 **Eight Semester Rule:** No student may be eligible to participate at the high school level for a period lasting longer than eight consecutive semesters, beginning with the student's first entry into ninth grade or an overaged seventh or eighth grade student's participation on a high school team, whichever occurs first.
- (a) For students who skip the ninth grade and advance directly to the 10th from the eighth, the year prior to entering the 10th grade is considered the year of first entry into ninth grade for athletics.
- (b) Playing as a member of a private or other non-member school team shall be deemed the same as playing as a member of an NCHSAA member school team. Enforcement of this rule is to begin with entry into the 9th grade.
- (c) The principal shall have evidence of the date of each player's entry into the ninth grade. The North Carolina cumulative record is sufficient.
- 1.2.7 **Maximum Number of Seasons:** No student may be approved for a high school contest if he or she has taken part in contests during four separate seasons in that sport.
- (a) Students may only participate in one season per year, per sport, whether the sport is played in North Carolina or not.
- (b) Playing as a member of a private or other non-member school team shall be deemed the same as playing as a member of an NCHSAA member school team. Enforcement of this rule is to begin with entry into ninth grade.
- (c) A student shall not participate in school athletic contests after graduation from high school; however, this does not apply to spring sports playoffs.
- 1.2.8 **Medical Examination:** In order to be eligible for practice or participation in interscholastic athletic contests, a student must receive a medical examination once every 395 days by a physician licensed to practice medicine, nurse practitioner or physician assistant and be cleared to play. The current mandatory NCHSAA pre-participation form may be found on the NCHSAA website.
- (a) To participate in out-of-season and/or summer workouts, a student must have an up-to-date physical on file.

- (b) To participate in out of season and /or summer workouts, the NCHSAA strongly recommends that a student has a signed Gfeller-Waller Concussion Statement on file.
- (c) Students absent from athletic practice for five (5) or more days due to illness or injury shall receive a medical release by either a physician licensed to practice medicine or his/her designee (nurse practitioner, physician's assistant or licensed athletic trainer) before readmittance to practice or contests.
 - (1) Students with potential head injuries must receive a medical release by a licensed health care provider before readmittance to practice or contests (see 2.3.7).
- (d) It is recommended that players be covered by adequate medical and accident insurance, and that medical aid be immediately available at all times.
- (e) Schools should have medical release forms on site at athletic events in the event medical treatment is required.
- 1.2.9 **Residence:** A student is eligible to participate at the school to which he or she is assigned by the local board of education, within the administrative unit of residence. "Residence" as used for athletic eligibility purposes is defined as the equivalent of the term "domicile" as applied by the courts of North Carolina.
- (a) It is the obligation of the school to know the residence status of each athlete and to require compliance with these requirements.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided, the residence of any student shall be deemed to be:
 - (1) That of his or her parents (if he/she lives with both parents).
 - (2) That of the sole parent (if he/she lives with only one parent).
 - (3) That of the parent with whom he/she begins the school year's first semester (if he/she has two parents who do not live together).
 - (4) That of the legal custodian if his/her custody has been awarded to a non-parent by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (c) In the event the parents are separated or divorced, the residence of the student shall be that of the parent or other adult to whom primary physical custody has been awarded by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- (d) If no custody order has been entered, the residence shall be deemed to be that of the parent with whom the student begins the school year's first semester.
- (e) Any change in residence must be bona fide, which means made, done, or presented in good faith; without deception or fraud. Determination of what constitutes a bona fide or authentic and true change of residence depends upon the facts of each case. In order for a change of residence to be considered bona fide at least the following facts must exist:
 - (1) The original residence must be abandoned as a residence; that is sold, rented or disposed of as a residence, and must not be used as residence by any member of the family.
 - (2) The entire family must make the change and take with them the household goods and furniture appropriate to the circumstances.
 - (3) The change must be made with the intent that it is permanent.
 - (4) The change must not be made solely for athletics purposes
- (f) No non-parental guardianship will be recognized where a student has a living parent unless:
 - (1) There has been a determination of abandonment of the student by such parent(s) or a determination that the student is a dependent juvenile as defined in G.S. 7B-101(9) or comparable statute by a court of competent jurisdiction,
 - (2) The student has been judicially declared a ward of the court, has been identified as an orphan or placed in a foster home by the Division of Social Services (or a comparable agency if out of state) and custody (not guardianship) has been determined by the court or social service agency.
 - (3) A student whose custody has been established by court order or social services agency decision is eligible for participation at the school to which he or she is assigned by the Board of Education of the local unit where his or her custodian resides.
- (g) The residence of a student who is emancipated shall continue to be his or her residence as of the time of emancipation, unless an exception is granted under the procedures established by the Hardship Rule.
 - (1) Emancipation for athletics purposes is when a student-athlete by legal determination or otherwise is freed from control by his or her parent(s) or guardian(s), and the parent(s), guardian(s), or other individual(s) are free from any and all responsibility for the student-athlete.
- (h) A student who resides out of state but attends a member high school could be eligible if:
 - (1) The student attends a member non-boarding parochial school or is a member of a parochial church and submits an authorized pastor verification form.

- (2) The out-of-state student is attending a member school as an employee benefit because a parent is working at the school, the school must request a hardship waiver of the residence rule with appropriate documentation as a result of the employee status.
- (i) The residence of a student who is in an organized and recognized foreign exchange program shall be considered to be the place to which he or she is assigned by that program, and is eligible to participate at the school to which he or she is assigned by the LEA.
 - (1) Foreign students who are not part of an organized and recognized foreign exchange program must present extenuating circumstances through the procedure established in the Hardship
 - (2) A foreign exchange student is eligible only during the first year of residence in the United
 - (3) With the exception of this residence rule, foreign exchange students are subject to all other eligibility requirements, including but not limited to, the prohibition on participation after graduation or eligibility for graduation from high school.
- (j) In no case will any exception be made to the following principles:
 - (1) No student may participate at a second school in the same sport during the same sport season, except in the event of a bona fide change in residence of the parent(s) or legal custodian.
 - (2) Change of schools must be contemporaneous with the change in residence.
 - (3) Documents purporting to establish guardianship or custody issued by a notary public, an attorney, a clerk of court, or any entity other than a court of record with competent jurisdiction will not be accepted. Note: The acceptance of a document from a court of competent jurisdiction does not automatically render a student eligible.
- 1.2.10 Transfer Policy: After initial entry into the ninth grade, and absent a bona fide move as provided in the Residence section of this Handbook (See 1.2.9):
- (a) A student transferring from one member school to another member school within the same LEA must sit out 365 days for athletic participation. The LEA can create criteria for immediate athletic eligibility for transfers (assignments) within
- (b) A student transferring from one member school in one LEA to another member school in a different LEA must sit out two consecutive semesters, or 365 days, whichever is less, for athletic participation.
- NOTE: A student's participation in cheerleading is not subject to the NCHSAA Transfer Policy.
 - (1) By mutual agreement that the transfer is not for athletic purposes, a student's first transfer from LEA to LEA, and absent a bona fide move, is not subject to the NCHSAA Transfer Policy.
 - (i). Absent mutual agreement, and in consideration of the above, exceptions for immediate athletic eligibility for transfers from one LEA to a different LEA will first be considered by the NCHSAA Staff, then by the NCHSAA Transfer Committee, if necessary.
 - (ii) The NCHSAA Transfer Committee will be composed of the NCHSAA Executive Committee and at least one (1) non-district affiliated member school representative.
 - (2) The two-consecutive semester application occurs when a student is enrolled for at least 50% of the semester in which the student initially enrolled and all of the following semester.
 - (3) Students transferring to the same member school where the student's coach has relocated within a calendar year will be deemed ineligible in any sport in which the coach is involved.
 - (4) A student may not participate in practices or workouts, in-season or out-of-season, until the student's transfer has been validated by the NCHSAA.
- (c) If a member school is not part of a defined LEA (e.g., charter school, non-boarding parochial school, etc.), then the member school itself will be considered its own LEA for purposes of this policy (i.e., exceptions involving these member schools will fall under subsection (b) above).
- (d) If a student transfers from a NCHSAA member school to a non-member school (including a transfer to a DPI-approved home school) and then attempts to transfer to any NCHSAA member school within a 365-day period, such initial transfer will be disregarded for purposes of this transfer rule and the subsequent transfer will be treated as if it were an NCHSAA member school to NCHSAA member school transfer and evaluated by the NCHSAA as provided in section (b) above.
- (e) Students transferring into the North Carolina School of Science & Math are exempt from the Transfer Policy upon their initial entry into the school.
- 1.2.11 Felony Policy: Any student who is subject to the NCHSAA eight semester rule who (1) is convicted of a crime classified as a felony under North Carolina or federal law; or (2) is adjudicated delinquent for an offense that would be a felony if committed by an adult, is not eligible to participate in the North Carolina High School Athletic Association sports program.

- (a) Such ineligibility shall be immediate and shall prohibit participation in the NCHSAA sports program from the date of conviction or adjudication of delinquency through the end of the student's high school career.
- (b) Appellate or other post-conviction review of the conviction or adjudication of delinquency does not affect the student's immediate ineligibility.
- (c) "Convicted" and "conviction," for the purpose of this policy, includes the entry of:
 - (1) A plea of guilty; or
 - (2) A plea of no contest, nolo contendere, or the equivalent; or
 - (3) A verdict or finding of guilty by a jury, judge, magistrate, or other duly constituted, established, and recognized adjudicating body, tribunal, or official, either civilian or military.
 - (4) A person is "convicted" or "adjudicated delinquent" for the purposes of this policy, in North Carolina state courts, the courts of the United States, another state, the armed services of the United States, or another country.
- 1.2.12 **Dressing for Game or Practicing:** A player shall not dress for a game or scrimmage when he or she is not eligible to participate in the game.
- (a) Dressing and being in the designated team area shall be interpreted as participating in the game.
 - (1) Exception: Football, Eight Quarter Rule. Athletes who are disqualified or ejected during a contest will remain in the team area for supervision. (Reference 2.4.3.i).
 - (b) Ineligible players are not allowed to participate in practice, but this does not apply to summer workouts or skill development. (See also 1.2.8 (a)).
- 1.2.13 **Uniforms:** School uniforms may not be used for any outside organization competition or by athletes performing "unattached" during the academic school year, inclusive of weekends, holidays, workdays, etc. except:
- (a) During the summer, outside the dead periods, school uniforms may be worn for school-related activities.
- (b) Students may be allowed to wear school uniforms, including protective equipment, in outside organization competition, so long as the student has exhausted athletic eligibility in that sport and received permission from the member school. Approval from the LEA is strongly recommended.
- 1.2.14 **Amateur Rule:** Money or awards having utilitarian value (Example: golf balls, clubs, tennis balls, racket, etc.) may not be given to students for participation in athletics except as noted in the following paragraphs.
- (a) A student may receive merchandise, etc., if it does not exceed \$250 value per sports season.
- (b) Students may not accept items by virtue of being on a "free list" or "loan list." Enforcement of this rule by the NCHSAA begins with a student's entry in the ninth grade, so to participate as a member of a high school tennis team, for example, an athlete may not receive racquets, warm-ups, etc., by virtue of being on a free list or loan list.
- (c) A player may accept a gift provided it meets each of these conditions: is available to every member of the team, is totally consumable and nontransferable (e.g., meals, trips, etc.) or is labeled in a permanent manner (i.e., monogrammed, engraved, etc.) and is approved by the local principal and superintendent.
- (d) A student may accept a medal, trophy, ribbon, pin, high school letter, sweater, jacket, blazer or blanket. Sweaters, jackets, blazers, and blankets must carry the high school letter or other appropriate
- school emblem. None of the approved awards shall be accepted from an individual or non-school organization unless the giving of such an award has been approved by the principal and superintendent of the school the athlete attends.
- (e) Acceptance of money or a forbidden award will cause an athlete to lose athletic eligibility for all sports for 365 days.
- (f) A member school which has any connection with the presentation of a forbidden award, including but not limited to assisting in the selection of the person to receive the award, permitting the award to be given at a school function, or holding the award for a student until he or she has graduated, shall be subject to penalty.
- (g) Accepting a nominal, standard fee or salary for instructing, supervising, or officiating in an organized youth sports program or recreation, playground, or camp activities shall not jeopardize amateur status. An "organized youth sports program" includes both school and non-school programs.
- (h) A student is entitled to receive "essential expenses" for any particular game or games, in which he or she participates as a player, which includes meals, lodging and transportation for each particular game. Any remuneration beyond these essential expenses shall debar a student from future contests.
- (i) No student shall be eligible for any contest if he or she competes under a false name.
- 1.2.15 All-Star, Bowl and Benefit Games: (See also Uniform Rule 1.2.13)

- (a) No student shall be permitted to participate in an all-star or bowl game unless he or she has completed high school eligibility in that sport;
- (b) An all-star/bowl game is defined as any contest where admission is charged, either directly or indirectly, and one or both teams is composed of players selected from two or more regularly constituted teams. This regulation does not apply to summer baseball and softball.
- (c) Other information regarding this topic may be found on the NCHSAA website.
- (d) Teams authorized to participate in benefit/fund-raisers (student/faculty game, alumni game, etc.) must be composed exclusively of players from the same high school. Outside the sports season, an existing team may not play an outside team in a benefit game and may not be coached by their coaching staff. A benefit game played during the sports season must count as an official contest.
- (e) Any student who fails to comply with the preceding requirements loses athletic eligibility for a period of time to be determined by the Board of Directors.
- 1.2.16 **Professionals/Colleges:** No student who has signed a professional contract will be eligible for high school competition in that sport.
- (a) No student who has played on a college team is eligible to play on a high school team.
- (b) A regularly enrolled high school student who is taking courses for advance credit (e.g. community college course, college courses) will be eligible for high school competition.